

TEC/11-21-01

5.3.4 How to Read the Residual Stress Report

Select **VIEW | REPORTS**, or click the **REPORTS** button on the toolbar, and select the **RESIDUAL STRESS REPORT** from the dialog box. **SARATEC** automatically calculates the results and displays the report on the monitor.

1. At the top of the report you will find the name of the file, its path, the sample description you entered on the **SETUP** tab, and the date and time of the acquisition.
2. The next several items describe the material, the stress constant, depth below the surface, and the Phi angle.

NOTE: The Material Stress constant is the value of $(1 + \nu)/E \text{ psi}^{-1}$ for your material, where ν is Poisson's ratio and E is Young's modulus. You should determine this value experimentally using x-ray diffraction per ASTM Standards for the set of planes you are measuring. This is the conversion factor between strain and stress.

The Residual Stress is the calculated residual stress in units ksi (1000 psi), MPa, and/or kg/mm^2 .

Next in the report are the stress results, errors, d-spacing intercept, slope, and statistics.

The Peak Bounding Range is the percentage of the peak **SARATEC** used to fit a parabolic curve to the spectrum (**SARATEC** uses the parabola to find the peak of the spectrum).

3. The next items summarize the configuration of the system for this measurement, including the number of channels into which the detector was divided. The Detector Calibration Coefficients are the coefficients that the program used to correct the data in each channel of the detector.
4. At the bottom of the report, the D-Spacing Intercept is the intercept in Angstroms of the d-spacing versus $\sin^2 \psi$ plot. This number is an approximation of the unstressed d-spacing.
5. The Slope of Fitted Line is the slope of the d-spacing versus $\sin^2 \psi$ plot. **SARATEC** uses this number together with the d-spacing intercept and the x-ray elastic constant to calculate the residual stress value.
6. The Counting Statistics Stress Error (+/-) is the error in the residual stress value due to counting statistics. You can improve this value by using a larger collimator, counting for a longer period, increasing the x-ray tube power, or a combination of these factors.

7. The probable error is the error due to non-linearity of the d-spacing versus $\sin^2 \psi$ data. This error is an indication of the degree of large grain size, preferred orientation, measurement setup errors, etc.

WARNING! The probable error is the linear least squares fit of the data. However, when counting statistics errors are substantial relative to the linear least squares error, **SARATEC** generates a warning notice here so you will look at the relationship of both error values.

8. The table in the report gives the following information:
- Psi — the angles of tilt used for the acquisition. You specify these values for the detector (for the primary detector in a two-detector system).
 - $\sin^2(\psi)$ — the corrected $\sin^2 \Psi$ values used in the data analysis.
 - Pk Chnl — the channel number of the location of the diffraction peak. Shifts in this peak position are used to determine the stress.
 - Intensity — the integrated intensity of each diffraction peak. Uniform intensities imply fine grain size with random orientation; non-uniform intensities imply large grain sizes and/or preferred orientation.
 - FWHM — the diffraction peak width in degrees at half of its maximum intensity. It is used to qualitatively determine the relative amount of cold working in a sample. The greater this value, the more cold working at the surface. If you develop calibration samples, you can use the FWHM quantitatively to determine the amount of cold working and to non-destructively measure hardness in steels.
 - Ka Corr — the $K\alpha_2$ correction in degrees. Whenever you use $K\alpha$ radiation, both a $K\alpha_1$ and $K\alpha_2$ component are present. At some Psi angles, these components are completely separated, while at others they may merge. To accurately determine the peak position, you must remove the $K\alpha_2$ contribution.
 - Flag:
 - 1 = detector 1
 - 2 = detector 2
 - X = Excluded
 - D = Dropped (like Excluded, only done by analysis)
 - R = Restricted peak search
 - E = Edited spectrum (deleted wings)

- M = Modified

- 2-Theta — the peak position in degrees two theta. A shift in the peak position is used to calculate stress.
- D-Spacing — the calculated distance between atomic planes measured in Angstroms.
- St. Dev. — the standard deviation in the d-spacing due to counting statistics. This number indicates the smoothness of the diffraction peak. If the standard deviation is less than 0.000100, the counting statistics are considered excellent.

Sample
RESIDUAL STRESS REPORT
Page 1

SaraTEC 2.00 (OCT222001A)
Residual Stress 2.00
File: D:\sa1\data\1182.mmt
Date: 02/12/2001 09:40:51

Sample Description: sf - dsk

Material: Carbon Steel
Material Stress Constant: 3.714e-08
Depth: 0.0000
Phi Angle: 0.00

COMBINED STRESS RESULTS

Residual Stress: -1.9 KSI -13.2 MPa
Counting Statistics Error(+/-): 1.2 KSI 7.9 MPa
Probable Error (+/-): 1.8 KSI 12.4 MPa
(Warning: Counting statistics may be the controlling error)

Fitted Delta D vs Sin^2(psi) Data:
d-spacing Intercept: 1.168698
Slope of fitted line: -0.000083
d-spacing 2-Sigma: 0.000104
Intensity 2-Sigma: 29.43

MEASUREMENT PARAMETERS

Collimator: Round 4.0 mm
Orientation: Psi
Count Time: 45.0 sec
Psi Osc Range: 2.00
X-Ray Tube: Chromium / Vanadium
X-Ray Wavelength: 2.289700
Tube Voltage: 25.0 kV
Beam Current: 0.40 mA
Data Mode: Combine
Compression Ratio: 1
Peak Bounds: 20.0
Z Height: 0.737
Z Cal Date: 02/08/2001 17:29:04
Z Cal Orientation: Psi

DETECTOR INFORMATION

| Det | S/N | Bracket | Chans | K Factor | K Factor2 | Bias | Cal Date |
|-----|--------|---------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|---------------------|
| 1 | TEC004 | 156 | 325 | -0.145 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 02/07/2001 09:42:45 |
| 2 | TEC005 | 156 | 326 | -0.115 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 02/07/2001 09:42:45 |

| Detector Calibration Coefficients | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Det | A | B | D |
| 1 | -1.98877e-07 | 9.69818e-05 | 0.0414722 |
| 2 | -1.54156e-07 | 7.31679e-05 | 0.0432806 |

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RESIDUAL STRESS REPORT
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COMBINED DATA

| Psi | Sin^2 | Pk Chnl | Intensity | FWHM | Ka Corr | 2-Theta | D Spacing | SDev | Flag |
|-------|---------|---------|-----------|------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|------|
| -45.0 | 0.50741 | 179.23 | 629.8 | 1.93 | 0.15462 | 156.849 | 1.168618 | 3.65e-05 | 1 |
| -45.0 | 0.50711 | 174.93 | 616.3 | 1.88 | 0.15402 | 156.814 | 1.168691 | 3.93e-05 | 2 |
| -30.0 | 0.25602 | 178.86 | 618.7 | 1.85 | 0.15365 | 156.793 | 1.168735 | 3.62e-05 | 1 |
| -30.0 | 0.25645 | 176.11 | 618.0 | 1.80 | 0.15353 | 156.850 | 1.168615 | 3.45e-05 | 2 |
| -15.0 | 0.07045 | 179.16 | 614.2 | 1.86 | 0.15369 | 156.783 | 1.168755 | 3.36e-05 | 1 |
| -15.0 | 0.07059 | 175.84 | 589.5 | 1.78 | 0.15312 | 156.815 | 1.168689 | 3.17e-05 | 2 |
| 0.0 | 0.00005 | 179.96 | 608.6 | 1.82 | 0.15357 | 156.819 | 1.168680 | 3.57e-05 | 1 |
| 0.0 | 0.00006 | 176.74 | 584.9 | 1.74 | 0.15301 | 156.857 | 1.168602 | 3.01e-05 | 2 |
| 15.0 | 0.06364 | 179.37 | 631.9 | 1.80 | 0.15316 | 156.777 | 1.168770 | 3.97e-05 | 1 |
| 15.0 | 0.06347 | 176.13 | 592.4 | 1.76 | 0.15297 | 156.816 | 1.168687 | 3.60e-05 | 2 |
| 30.0 | 0.24402 | 180.16 | 637.3 | 1.82 | 0.15340 | 156.795 | 1.168731 | 3.50e-05 | 1 |
| 30.0 | 0.24365 | 177.03 | 613.4 | 1.81 | 0.15361 | 156.843 | 1.168630 | 3.68e-05 | 2 |
| 45.0 | 0.49286 | 181.23 | 652.4 | 1.89 | 0.15415 | 156.819 | 1.168682 | 3.37e-05 | 1 |
| 45.0 | 0.49259 | 177.66 | 621.0 | 1.81 | 0.15371 | 156.849 | 1.168618 | 3.58e-05 | 2 |

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PEAK REPORT
Page 1

Sample Description: sf - dsk

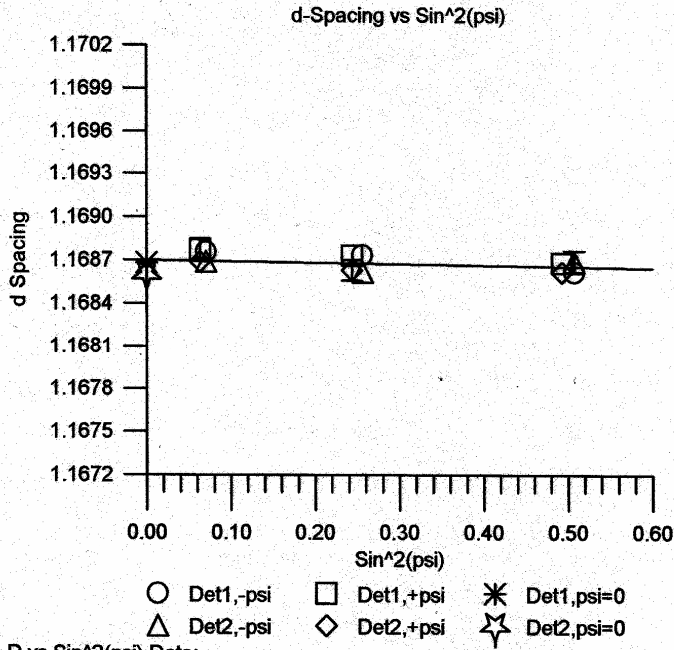
DETECTOR 1 DATA

| Psi | Low | High | Gross | Peak Net | Peak Chnl | Avg | SNR |
|-------|-----|------|-------|-------------|--------------|--------|-------|
| -45.0 | 166 | 194 | 29578 | 28342 | 179.23 | 570.53 | 24.97 |
| -30.0 | 167 | 193 | 29557 | 27842 | 178.86 | 594.34 | 26.54 |
| -15.0 | 167 | 193 | 28716 | 27638 | 179.16 | 569.95 | 26.77 |
| 0.0 | 167 | 195 | 28322 | 27386 | 179.96 | 567.71 | 26.28 |
| 15.0 | 168 | 194 | 29709 | 28437 | 179.37 | 598.09 | 28.37 |
| 30.0 | 168 | 194 | 30171 | 28679 | 180.16 | 606.44 | 27.71 |
| 45.0 | 168 | 196 | 30681 | 29357 | 181.23 | 593.24 | 25.55 |

DETECTOR 2 DATA

| Psi | Low | High | Gross | Peak Net | Peak Chnl | Avg | SNR |
|-------|-----|------|-------|-------------|--------------|--------|-------|
| -45.0 | 164 | 188 | 29476 | 27735 | 174.93 | 589.77 | 31.66 |
| -30.0 | 164 | 188 | 29286 | 27809 | 176.11 | 596.52 | 32.94 |
| -15.0 | 164 | 188 | 27720 | 26526 | 175.84 | 573.13 | 30.22 |
| 0.0 | 165 | 189 | 27757 | 26321 | 176.74 | 575.96 | 31.53 |
| 15.0 | 166 | 188 | 28378 | 26659 | 176.13 | 594.61 | 33.79 |
| 30.0 | 165 | 189 | 29175 | 27604 | 177.03 | 595.18 | 32.62 |
| 45.0 | 166 | 190 | 29131 | 27945 | 177.66 | 600.27 | 30.72 |

File: D:\sa1\data\1182.mmt
Comments: sf - dsk

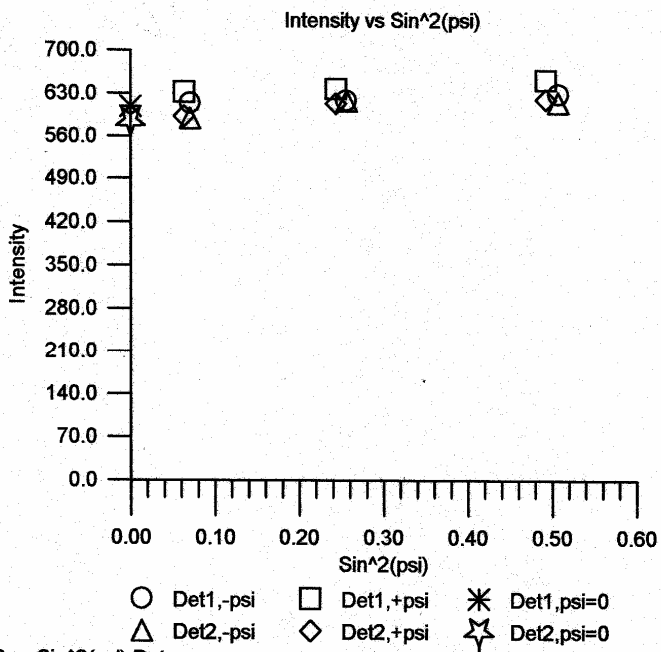


Fitted Delta D vs Sin²(psi) Data:

d-spacing 2-Sigma: 0.000109
Intensity 2-Sigma: 36.66

Residual Stress: -1.9 KSI -13.2 MPa
Counting Statistics Error(+/-): 1.2 KSI 7.9 MPa
Probable Error (+/-): 1.8 KSI 12.4 MPa
(Warning: Counting statistics may be the controlling error)

File: D:\sa1\data\1182.mmt
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 d-Spacing 2-Sigma: 0.000109
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 Counting Statistics Error(+/-): 1.2 KSI 7.9 MPa
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